## MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY

## Master of Arts English

II SEMESTER EXAMINATION (May 2018)

Paper: (MAEN202DST) Introduction to Linguistics

īme: 3	hours	

Max. Marks 70 marks



Note: This question paper consists of three parts: Part - A, Part-B and Part-C. Number of words to answers each question is only indicative. Attempt all parts.

Part—A contains 10 compulsory questions of multiple choice/fill in the blank/very short answer type question. Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark. (10x1=10-marks)

Part-B contains 08 questions of which students are supposed to answer 05 questions. Answer each question in approximately 200 words. Each question carries 06 marks. (5x6=30 marks)

Part-C contains 05 questions of which students are supposed to answer 03 questions. Answer each question in approximately 500 words. Each question carries 10 marks. (3x10=30 marks)

		Part	t-A		
Ques	tion : 1:				
(i)	When the singular form of a word ends in a voiceless consonant, the plural is formed by adding				
	(a) /ız/	(b) /z/	(c)/s/	(d) /ez/	
(ii)	There are(a) 10	diphthongs in English (b) 24	(c) 12	(d) 8	
(iii)	A word with multip	ole meanings is an exampl (b) Hyponymy	e of (c) Synonymy	(d) Ambiguity	
(iv)	The role of(a) text	in the process of me (b) co-text	aning making is studie (c) context		
	'Received Pronunc (a) idiolect	iation' is an example of (b) language	(c) register	(d) dialect	
(vi)	The pronunciation (a) /həv/	of <i>have</i> in 'You <i>have</i> done (b) /v/	e that' is	(d) /hæv/	
(vii)	called	articulation, transmissior (b) Morphology	la Gran		
(viii)	_	ciation of the word 'Work	red' is	(d) /wɔ:kt/	

(ix)	ix) One sentence another when it im	One sentence another when it implies an earlier meaning which is known.					
	(a) entails (b) summarizes	(c) presupposes	(d) clefts				
(x)	x) A dialect used by the members of a particula	A dialect used by the members of a particular speech community is called					
	(a) Sociolect (b) Esperanto	(c) Idiolect	(d) Style				
	PART-F	3					
2.	"Linguistics is autonomous". Comment						
3.	3. What is meant by the terms 'speech comr	What is meant by the terms 'speech community' and 'social dialect'? Differentiate					
	between the two.						
4.	4. Define any three of the following.						
	a. Creole b. Anaphora	c. Register	d. Idiolect				
5.	Explain in detail the difference between 'Accent' and 'Dialect'.						
6.	What do you understand by diachronic and synchronic approach?						
7.	7. Write short notes on –	Write short notes on –					
	a. Maxim of Quality b. Maxim of Quantity	c. Maxim o	f Manner				
8.	8. What do you understand by 'Clefting'? Expl	What do you understand by 'Clefting'? Explain giving examples.					
9.	9. What is a Noun Phrase? What are its importa	ant constituents?					
	PART-0	2					
10.	0. Explain how flouting of conversational max	cims can lead to dist	ortion of meaning.				
11.	Explain the Saussurean concept of 'Langue' and 'Parole'.						
12.	2. Define 'Meaning'. Discuss in detail the diff	Define 'Meaning'. Discuss in detail the different types of meaning.					
13.	3. What is meant by 'Accent Neutralization'?	Explain					

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Distinguish between the human language and animal system of communication.

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