Booklet Ser	ial No.	Maulana Azad National Urdu University PhD English Entrance Test 2024 Question Paper cum Answer Script	Signature Invigilator
For Offic	ce Use	Hall Ticket No.	
		OMR Serial No.	
			Time: 2hrs Maximum Marks: 70
		Maulana Azad National Urdu University PhD English Entrance Test 2024 Question Paper cum Answer Script	For Office Use
		INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES	
		ld write their Hall Ticket number and OMR number on the ld not write their Hall Ticket number and OMR at any othe	
case	of any disc	ntains (8) pages. The Candidate should check the booklet crepancy a new booklet may be provided by the Invigilator wers separately.	-
each dark ansv	question the circ	ooklet contains Part (A & B). In Part A there is 50 Multip here are four options. The candidate is required to choos le with blue / black ballpoint pen in the OMR sheet aguestion carries 1 mark. Part ((B) contains (4) Descriptive	e the correct answer and gainst the corresponding
does		will get one mark each for each correct reply in the OM e the correct answer against the corresponding question nu t marks.	
	e candidate ded for the	bubbles more than one circle in OMR Sheet for any que question.	estion, marks shall not be

7. At the end of Entrance Test, candidates are allowed to take their question booklet.

Part - A Section -I (Research Methodology)

1)	What is the first step in th		
	A) Data analysis	B) Literature review	
2)	C) Hypothesis testing	D) Problem identification	
2)	What does the term ' <i>sampling</i> ' refer to in research methodology?		
	A) Analysis of data		
	,	f individuals from a population	
	C) Formulation of hypothe		
	D) Development of resear		
3)	-	NOT a type of research design?	
	A) Experimental	B) Descriptive	
	C) Historical	D) Predictive	
4)	What is the purpose of a c	control group in experimental research?	
	A) To provide a comparison for the experimental group		
	B) To manipulate indepen	dent variables	
	C) To establish causality		
	D) To ensure ethical const	derations	
5)	Which of the following is	NOT a criterion for selecting a research topic?	
	A) Personal interest	B) Relevance to the field	
	C) Complexity	D) Popularity	
6)	What is the term used to d	lescribe the process of systematically searching, appraising, and	
	synthesizing research evid	lence?	
	A) Meta-analysis	B) Peer review	
	C) Abstracting	D) Data mining	
7)	What does the term 'peer	review' refer to in academic publishing?	
	A) Review by colleagues	before publication	
	B) Review by the public a	fter publication	
	C) Review by editors befo	ore publication	
	D) Review by experts afte	r publication	
8)	What is the term used to de	escribe the extent to which a research instrument measures what it	
	is intended to measure?		
	A) Reliability	B) Validity	

C) Generalizability D) Accuracy

9)	Which of the following research methods is most suitable for analyzing the evolution of			
	literary genre over several decades?	erary genre over several decades?		
	A) Ethnographic Research	B) Longitudinal Study		
	C) Cross-Sectional Study	D) Experimental Research		
10)	Which of the following is a qualitati	hich of the following is a qualitative data analysis technique that involves identifying		
	recurring themes or patterns in textu	ual data?		
	A) Factor analysis	B) Grounded theory		
	C) Thematic analysis	D) Content analysis		
11)	Which of the following is a potential	disadvantage of using secondary data in research?		
	A) Cost-effectiveness	B) Data relevance		
	C) Data availability	D) Lack of control over data quality		
12)	Which of the following is NOT an eth	nical consideration in research?		
	A) Informed consent	B) Confidentiality		
	C) Fabrication of data	D) Plagiarism		
13)	Which of the following is an example of	Which of the following is an example of a primary data source in literary research?		
	A) A journal article analyzing Shake	espeare's works		
	B) A biography of a literary author			
	C) A manuscript of a novel			
	D) A review article on contemporar	y literary theories		
14)	What is the primary purpose of cond	ucting a literature review in a research study?		
	A) To summarize existing knowledge	ge on the topic		
	B) To formulate research questions or hypotheses			
	C) To identify gaps in the existing literature			
	D) All of the above			
15)	Which of the following is an example	of a dependent variable in a research study?		
	A) Gender	B) Age		
	C) Test scores	D) Time spent reading		
16)	What type of research design involves of	collecting data from the same group of participants at		
	multiple points in time?			
	A) Cross-sectional design	B) Longitudinal design		
	C) Experimental design	D) Correlational design		

C) Experimental design D) Correlational design

- 17) Which of the following is a characteristic of qualitative research?
 - A) Emphasis on statistical analysis
 - B) Use of closed-ended questions
 - C) Focus on understanding social phenomena in natural settings
 - D) Large sample sizes
- 18) Which of the following is a key characteristic of grounded theory methodology?
 - A) Use of preconceived hypotheses
 - B) Emphasis on statistical analysis
 - C) Iterative process of data collection and analysis
 - D) Focus on experimental manipulation
- 19) What is the term used to describe the phenomenon where participants modify their behaviuor in response to being studied?
 - A) Observer bias B) Hawthorne effect
 - C) Demand characteristics D) Social desirability bias
- 20) Which sampling technique is most appropriate for ensuring diversity in qualitative research?
 - A) Simple Random Sampling B) Snowball Sampling
 - C) Purposive Sampling D) Stratified Sampling
- 21) Which of the following is an example of a mixed methods research design?
 - A) Case study B) Longitudinal study
 - C) Sequential explanatory design D) Correlational study
- 22) What is the primary purpose of conducting a pilot study in research?
 - A) To test the reliability of research instruments
 - B) To obtain preliminary data for sample size calculation
 - C) To assess the feasibility of the research project
 - D) All of the above
- 23) Which of the following is an example of a quasi-experimental research design?
 - A) Randomized controlled trial B) Case-control study
 - C) Pre-test/post-test design D) Observational study
- 24) In a research context, what does the term 'epistemology' refer to?
 - A) The study of the ethical implications of research
 - B) The study of knowledge and justified belief
 - C) The study of data collection methods
 - D) The study of statistical analysis techniques

- 25) Which of the following is a potential limitation of using interviews as a data collection method?
 - A) Limited depth of information obtained
 - B) High cost of implementation
 - C) Difficulty in ensuring confidentiality of participants
 - D) All of the above

Section-II, The English Language and Literature

Who is considered the author of the first modern English novel? 26) A) Jane Austen B) Daniel Defoe C) Charles Dickens D) William Shakespeare Which literary movement emphasized the use of ordinary language and everyday subjects in 27) poetry? A) Romanticism B) Modernism C) Realism D) Beat Generation 28) Which of the following works is NOT written by Virginia Woolf? A) To the Lighthouse B) Mrs. Dalloway C) Wuthering Heights D) Orlando 29) Which play by William Shakespeare is considered a tragedy of jealousy and betrayal? B) Othello A) Romeo and Juliet D) Hamlet C) Macbeth 30) Who is the author of the play "The Importance of Being Earnest," known for its witty dialogue and satire on Victorian society? A) Oscar Wilde B) George Bernard Shaw C) Harold Pinter D) Tom Stoppard 31) Which novel by Joseph Conrad explores themes of *imperialism* and *colonialism*? A) Heart of Darkness B) Moby-Dick C) Brave New World D) Lord of the Flies 32) Who wrote the novel "1984," a dystopian fiction that explores themes of totalitarianism and surveillance? A) Aldous Huxley B) George Orwell D) H.G. Wells C) Ray Bradbury

33)	Which of the following poets is associated w	vith the Harlem Renaissance?
	A) Langston Hughes	B) Robert Frost
	C) Wallace Stevens	D) Sylvia Plath
34)	Which novel by Salman Rushdie explores th	he history and politics of India through the life of its
	protagonist, Saleem Sinai?	
	A) Midnight's Children	B) The Satanic Verses
	C) Shame	D) The Moor's Last Sigh
35)	Which literary theory focuses on the social a	and historical context in which a text was produced?
	A) Psychoanalytic criticism	B) Feminist criticism
	C) Marxist criticism	D) New Criticism
36)	Which novel by Mary Shelley is considered	one of the earliest examples of science fiction?
	A) Frankenstein	B) Dracula
	C) Wuthering Heights	D) Pride and Prejudice
37)	What is the literary term used to describe a f	igure of speech in which contradictory terms
	appear in conjunction?	
	A) Irony	B) Hyperbole
	C) Oxymoron	D) Paradox
38)	Which poem by Emily Dickinson begins w	ith the line, 'Because I could not stop for Death'?
	A) I heard a Fly buzz – when I died	B) I'm Nobody! Who are you?
	C) The Soul selects her own Society	D) The Road Not Taken
39)	Who is the author of the play 'A Raisin in th	e Sun,' which portrays a black family's experiences
	in Chicago's South Side?	
	A) James Baldwin	B) August Wilson
	C) August Strindberg	D) Lorraine Hansberry
40)	Who is the author of the novel 'Brave New W	Vorld,' which depicts a futuristic society where
	citizens are controlled through genetic engine	eering and psychological conditioning?
	A) Aldous Huxley	B) George Orwell
	C) Ray Bradbury	D) H.G. Wells
41)	Who wrote the novel 'Beloved,' which won	the Pulitzer Prize for Fiction in 1988?
	A) Toni Morrison	B) Alice Walker
	C) Zora Neale Hurston	D) Maya Angelou

6

42)) Which literary movement emphasized the use of <i>fragmented narratives</i> and <i>stream-of-</i>		
	consciousness techniques?		
	A) Romanticism	B) Modernism	
	C) Realism	D) Naturalism	
43)	Which linguistic theory propos	ses that language acquisition is governed by an innate	
	biological capacity?		
	A) Behaviuorism	B) Cognitive Linguistics	
	C) Universal Grammar	D) Sociocultural Theory	
44) In phonetics, what term desc	ribes the study of the physical properties of speech sounds?	
	A) Acoustic Phonetics	B) Articulatory Phonetics	
	C) Auditory Phonetics	D) Experimental Phonetics	
45)	Who developed the concept of	speech acts, which focuses on the performative function of	
	language?		
	A) John Searle	B) J. L. Austin	
	C) Roman Jakobson	D) Mikhail Bakhtin	
46)	Who proposed the concept of t	he 'critical period' for language acquisition, suggesting that	
	there is a window of time durin	g which language must be learned in order to achieve native-	
	like proficiency?		
	A) Eric Lenneberg	B) Noam Chomsky	
	C) Lev Vygotsky	D) Benjamin Lee Whorf	
47)	What term describes the study of	f how language is used in specific institutional contexts, such as	
	legal or medical settings?		
	A) Discourse Analysis	B) Genre Analysis	
	C) Register Analysis	D) Stylistics	
48)	In the context of language teach	ing, what does the acronym TESOL stand for?	
	A) Teaching English to Spea	akers of Other Languages	
	B) Teaching English as a Se	cond Official Language	
	C) Teaching English for Spe	ecialized Occupational Learning	
	D) Teaching English throug	h Structured Online Lessons	
49)	Which literary movement, charac	cterized by its focus on the irrational, the subconscious, and	
	dreams, emerged in the early 20 ⁴	^h century?	
	A) Existentialism	B) Dadaism	
	C) Surrealism	D) Absurdism	

50) What term describes a novel that presents the growth and development of its protagonist from childhood to adulthood?

A) Bildungsroman	B) Gothic novel
------------------	-----------------

C) Picaresque novel D) Satirical novel

<u>Section-II, The English Language and Literature</u> <u>Part-B (Descriptive)</u>

Attempt all four (4) questions.

(5 x 4 = 20)

Research Methodology

- 1) How might the integration of digital humanities tools reshape traditional research methodologies within English studies?
- 2) In what ways can autoethnography offer a novel approach to understanding the intersection of personal narrative and academic inquiry in literary research?

The English Language and Literature

- 3) How can an exploration of linguistic landscapes in literature enhance our understanding of cultural identities and power dynamics within texts?
- 4) How do digital platforms and social media shape the reception and dissemination of literary works, and what implications does this have for the study of English language and literature?